Church History, Christian Thought, and Philosophy – Session 2 June 11, 2008

The Impact of Platonism on Christian Thought

When we read the Bible, there is always something that comes between the text and our eyes, which affects how we understand or interpret the text.

The purpose of this series is largely to help us determine what that "something" is, so that we can be aware of it as we process the word of God and the will of God.

What do we mean by "Christian Thought"?

How we ______ what is ______ (epistemology).

How we ______ the Bible (hermeneutics).

What we ______ about God (theology).

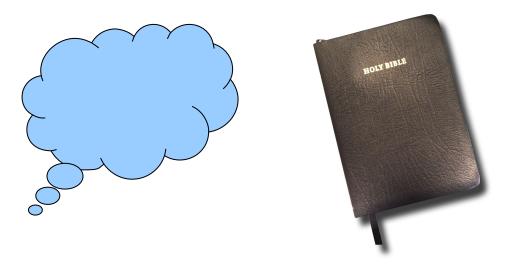
How we _____ our beliefs (apologetics).

What do we mean by "Philosophy"?

"Philosophy" means "the ______ or _____ of wisdom."

"Philosophy" has at least two aspects:

- (1) It has to do with what we believe to be ______ even if we can't see it.
- (2) It has to do with how we _____ that truth to life.



Three Major Eras of Philosophy:

What is	or	? (Onto	ological Era)		
can v	ve	? (Epistem	ological Era)		
What do we		? (Linguistic or An	alytical Era)		
PLATO (428-348	3 B.C.)				
Plato's Major Prin	ciples:				
We can know		Socrates) bject only if it is			(Parmenides)
	-			·	(Farmenides)
Everytning in the	woria is in	·	(Heraciitus)		
Thus, there must be another world which is motionless that we can truly					

The World of Forms (Perfect, Fixed)

The World of Sense (Moving, Changing)

Two Teachings in Plato that have impacted Christian Thought:

- 1. Plato's view of the soul of human beings
- 2. Plato's *cave*, or his view of ultimate truth.

Ways in which Paul or the author of Hebrews *may* betray a knowledge of Plato's philosophy, which may be used to help illustrate divine revelation:

See Colossians 2:17; Hebrews 9:23-24; 10:1-14; 11 (faith in an ultimate world)